

**PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide****Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM350 ]**  
**Catalog # AH10652****Specification**

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**PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P12004</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">5111</a> , <a href="#">147433</a> , <a href="#">728886</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish, Monkey, Pig, Chicken, Yeast, Drosophila
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG2a, kappa
Calculated MW	36kDa kDa

**PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5111**Other Names**

Proliferating cell nuclear antigen, PCNA, Cyclin, PCNA

**Application Note**

WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~N/A  
IF~~1:50~200  
FC~~1:10~50

**Format**

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA &amp; 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA &amp; azide at 1.0mg/ml.

**Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions**

PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- &amp; S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information****Name** PCNA**Function**

Auxiliary protein of DNA polymerase delta and epsilon, is involved in the control of eukaryotic DNA replication by increasing the polymerase's processibility during elongation of the leading strand (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35585232" target="\_blank">35585232</a>). Induces a robust stimulatory effect on the 3'-5' exonuclease and 3'-phosphodiesterase, but not apurinic-apyrimidinic (AP) endonuclease, APEX2 activities. Has to be loaded onto DNA in order to be able to stimulate APEX2. Plays a key role in DNA damage response (DDR) by being conveniently positioned at the replication fork to coordinate DNA replication with DNA repair and DNA damage tolerance pathways (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24939902" target="\_blank">24939902</a>). Acts as a loading platform to recruit DDR proteins that allow completion of DNA replication after DNA damage and promote postreplication repair: Monoubiquitinated PCNA leads to recruitment of translesion (TLS) polymerases, while 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of PCNA is involved in error-free pathway and employs recombination mechanisms to synthesize across the lesion (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24695737" target="\_blank">24695737</a>).

#### Cellular Location

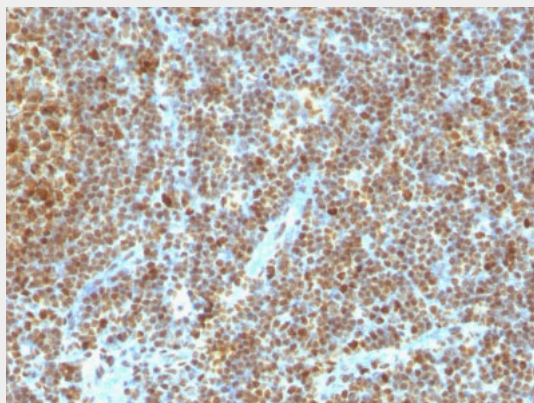
Nucleus. Note=Colocalizes with CREBBP, EP300 and POLD1 to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:24939902). Forms nuclear foci representing sites of ongoing DNA replication and vary in morphology and number during S phase (PubMed:15543136). Co-localizes with SMARCA5/SNF2H and BAZ1B/WSTF at replication foci during S phase (PubMed:15543136). Together with APEX2, is redistributed in discrete nuclear foci in presence of oxidative DNA damaging agents

#### PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with PCNA Monoclonal Antibody (SPM350)

**PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background**

Recognizes a non-histone protein of 36kDa, which is identified as proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA). It is also known as cyclin or polymerase delta auxiliary protein. Elevated expression of PCNA/cyclin has been shown in the nucleus during late G1 phase immediately before the onset of DNA synthesis, becoming maximal during S-phase and declining during G2 and M phases. This MAb is excellent for multiple applications.

**PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (G1- & S-phase Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References**

Waseem NH & Lane DP. 1990. J Cell Sci. 96:121-9. | Hall PA et al. 1990. J. Pathol. 162(4):285-94. | Landberg G & Roos G. 1991. Cancer Res. 51 (17):4570-4. | Woods AL et al. 1991. Histopathol. 19(1):21-7 | Yu,CC. et al. 1991. Histopathol. 19(1):29-33